

FIG. 1.
Effect of on/off 60 Hz EM fields
on hypoxia protection induced in chick embryos

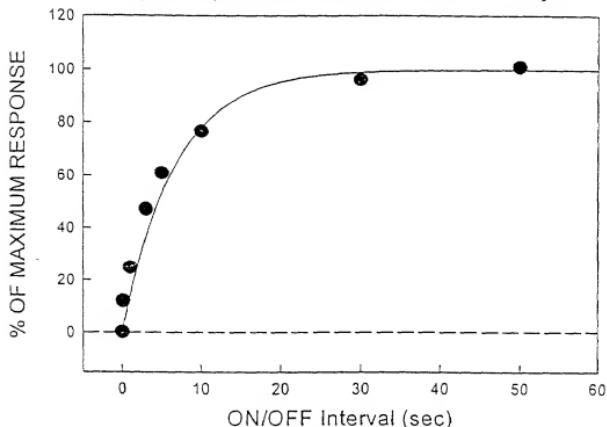
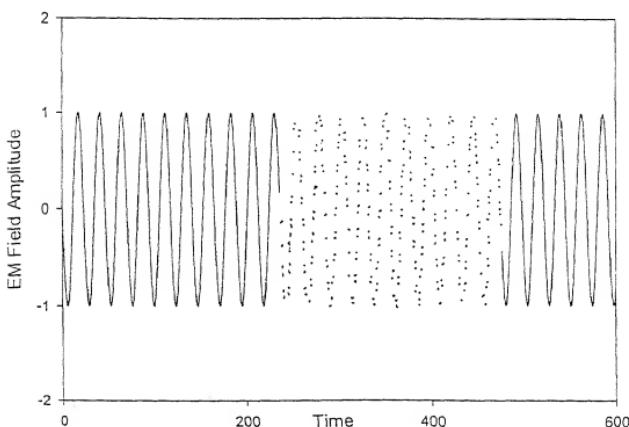


FIG. 2. Superposition of EM Fields From 2 Coils
(Equal Field Amplitudes; Alternate on/off Times)

Solid Line = Coil A Dotted Line = Coil B



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Superposition of EM Fields From 2 Coils
(Unequal Field Amplitudes; Alternate on/off Times)
Light Solid Line = Coil A Dark Solid Line = Coil B

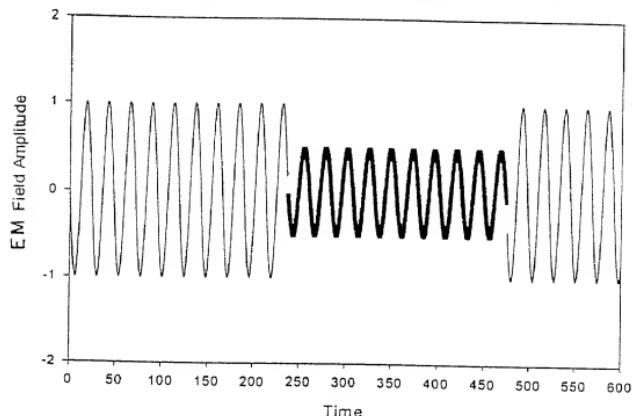
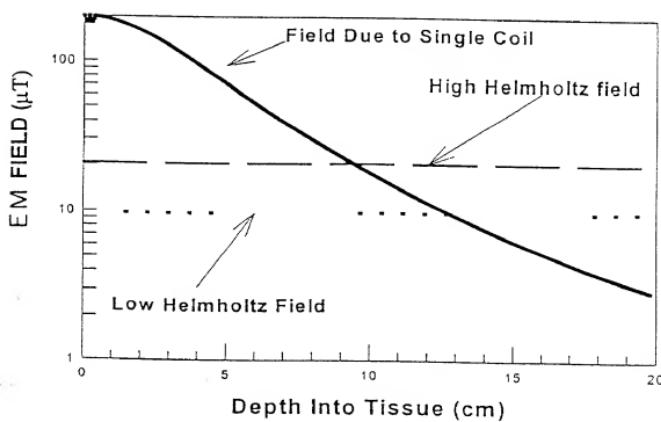


FIG.4. EM Fields of Helmholtz Coils
And A Single Coil Plotted As A
Function of Depth Into The Tissue



β_{12}

FIG.5. FOCUSING EFFECT OF TWO
ALTERNATELY PULSING EM FIELDS
HIGHER PEAK HELMHOLTZ FIELD

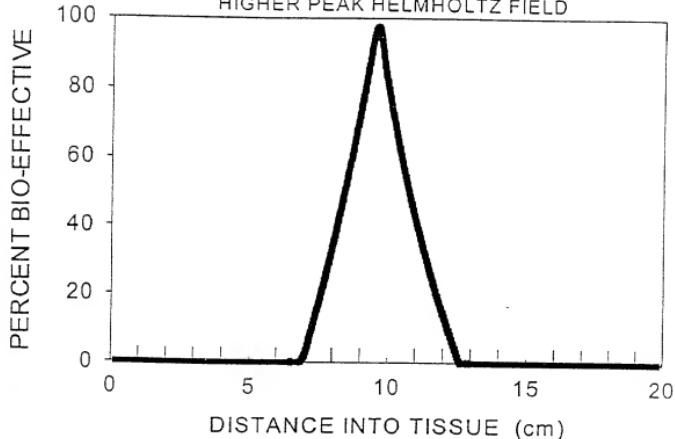
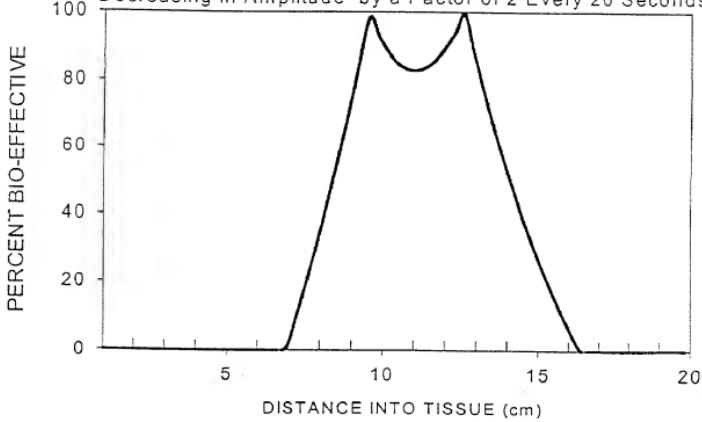


FIG.6.
BROADER FOCUS REGION FROM

Two Alternately Pulsing EM Fields
One Field Source Alternately Increasing and then

Decreasing in Amplitude by a Factor of 2 Every 20 Seconds



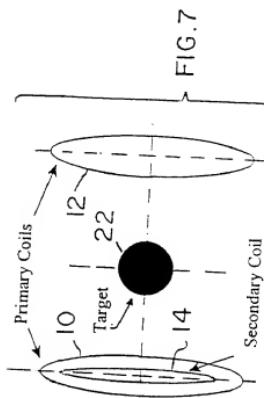


FIG.7

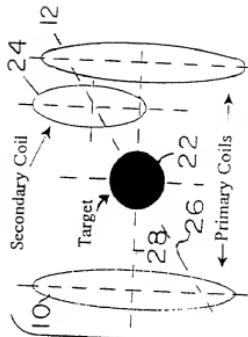


FIG.7

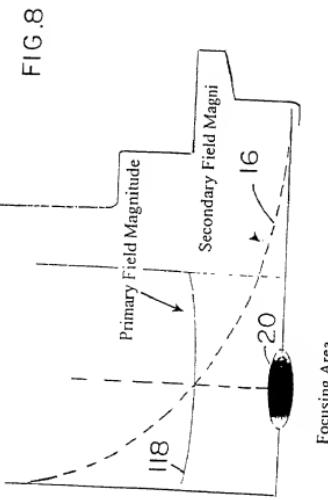
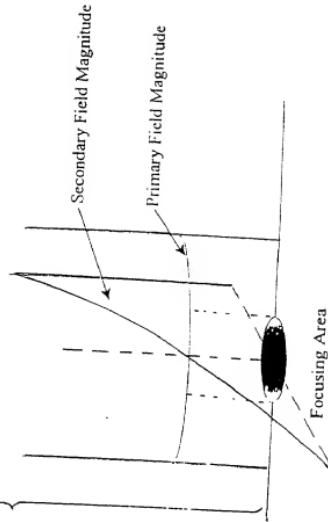


FIG.8



Secondary Field Magnitude
Primary Field Magnitude
Focusing Area

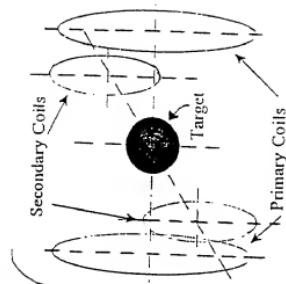
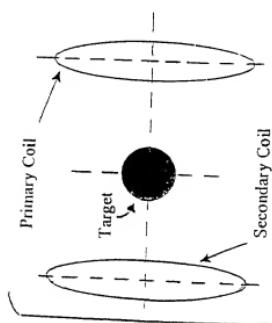
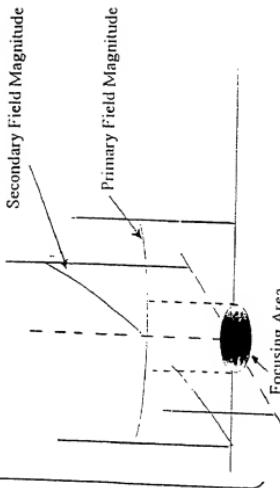
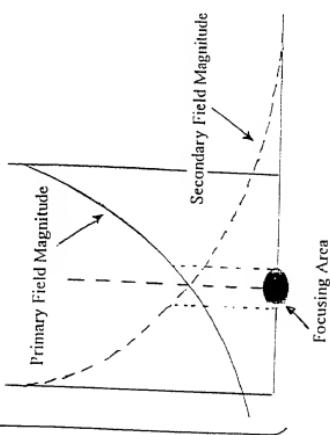


FIG. 10.



Moving supporting frame

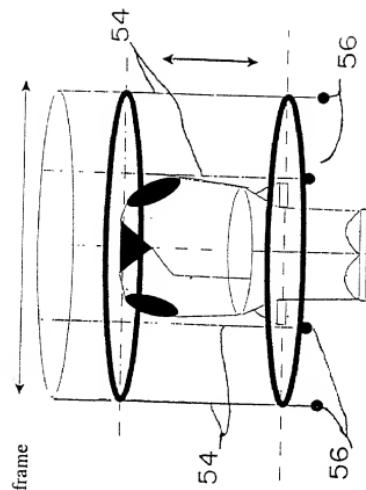
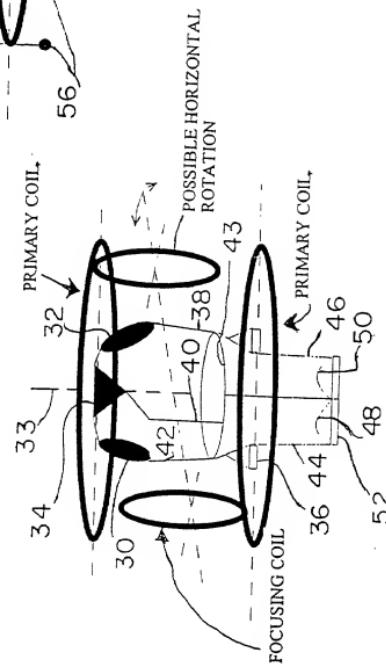
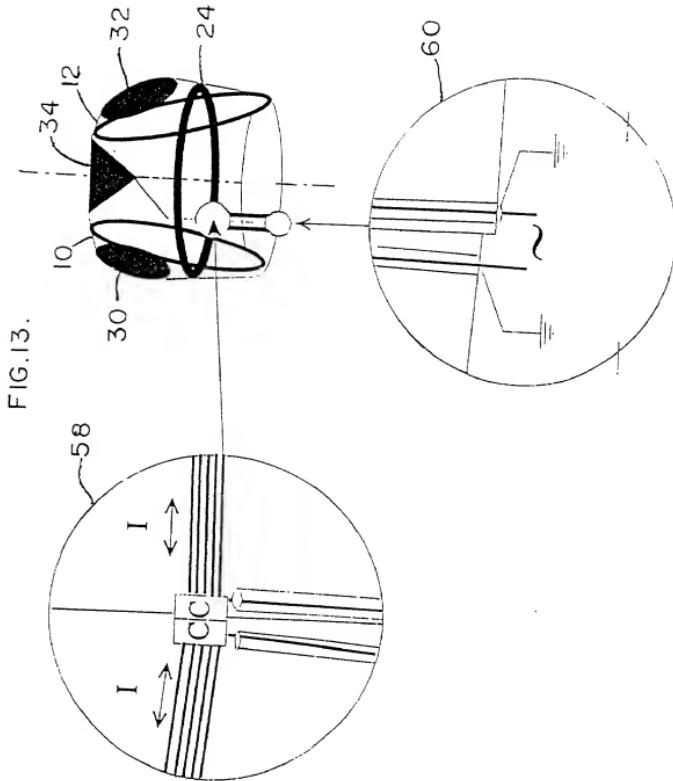
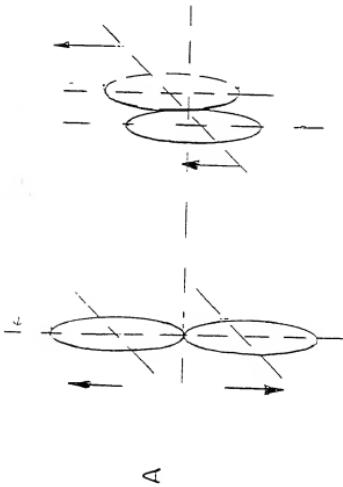


FIG.12.

FIG.11.

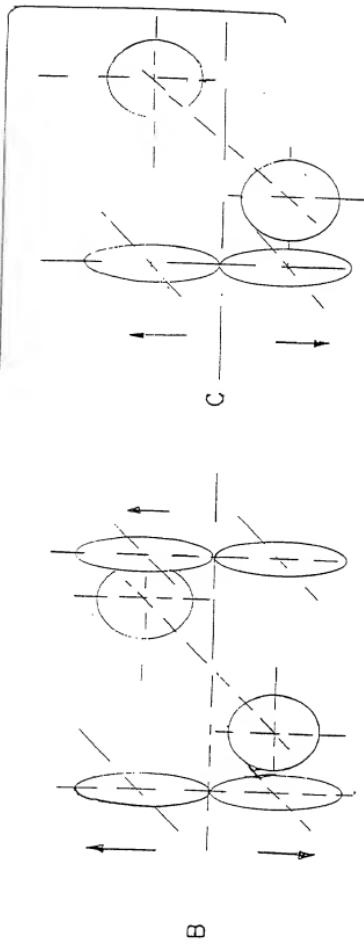






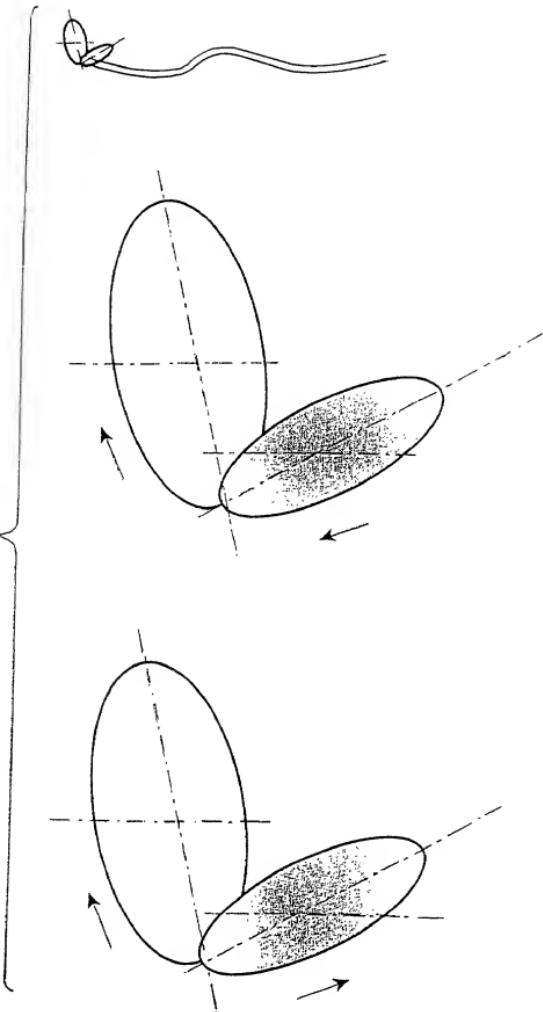
A

FIG. 14.



B

FIG.15. Complex Devices example #5



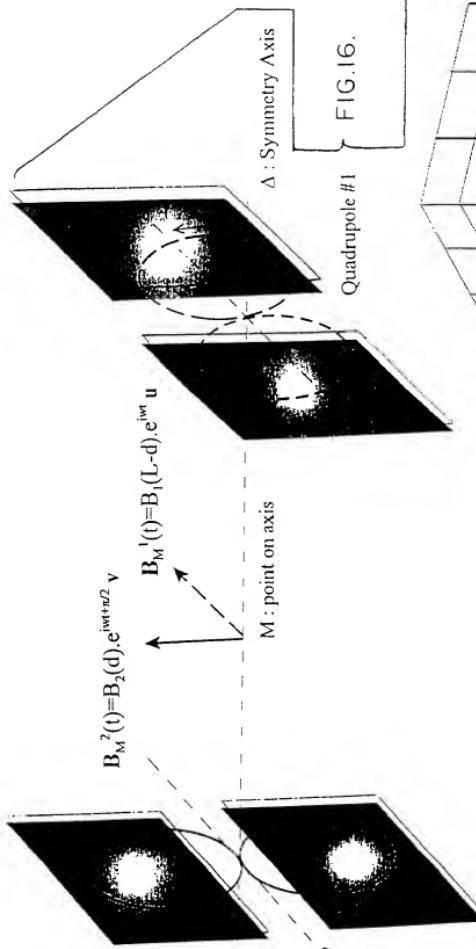
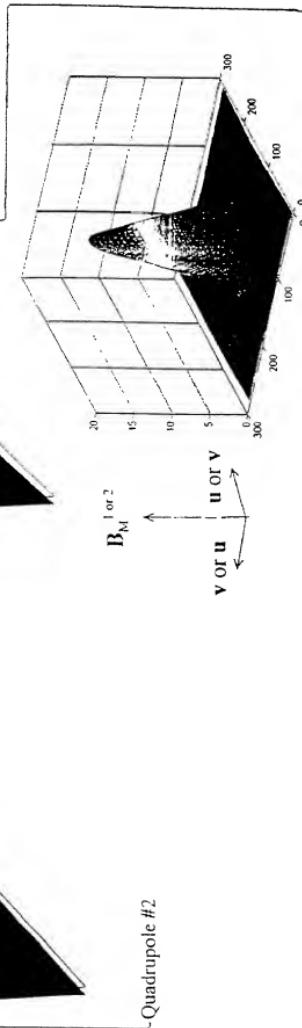


FIG. 16.
Quadrupole #1



Quadrupole #2

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Quadrupole #2

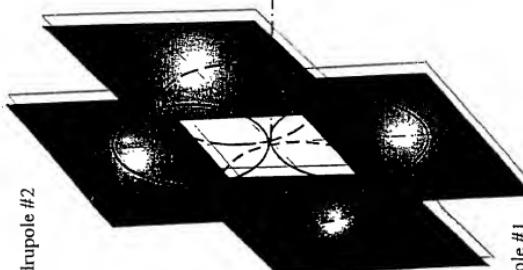
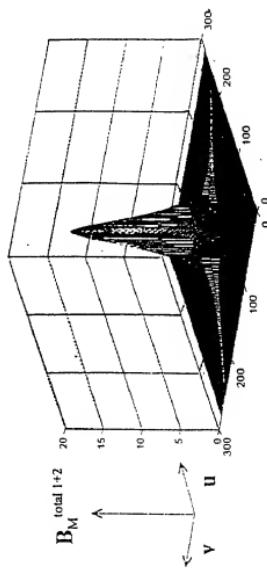


FIG. 17.

$$B_M^{(2)}(t) = B_o e^{i\omega t + \pi/2} \psi$$

$$B_M^{(1)}(t) = B_o e^{i\omega t} u$$

Δ : Symmetry z Axis
M : point on axis



$\nabla \Omega \angle \theta \in \Omega^{\circ} \quad \sin \Sigma \angle \Sigma \in \Omega^{\circ}$

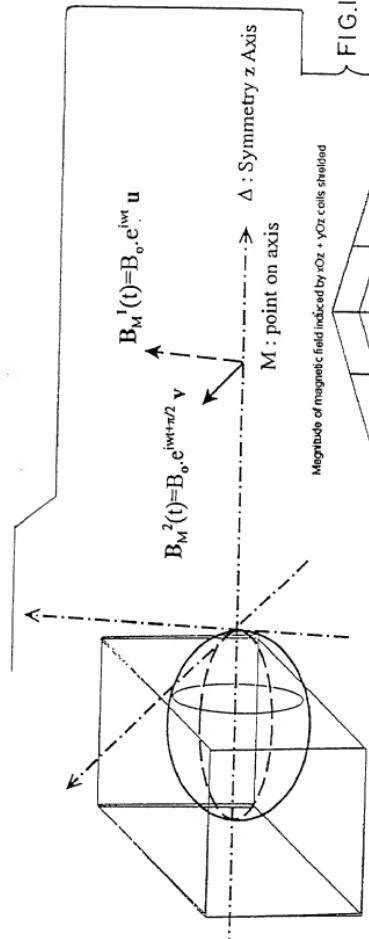
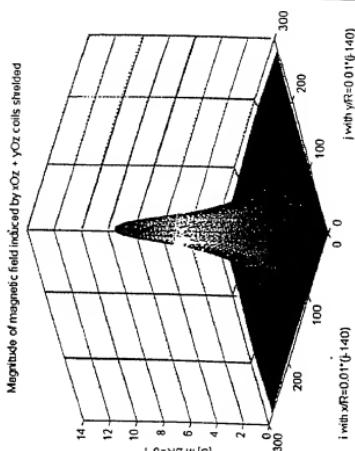


FIG.18.



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